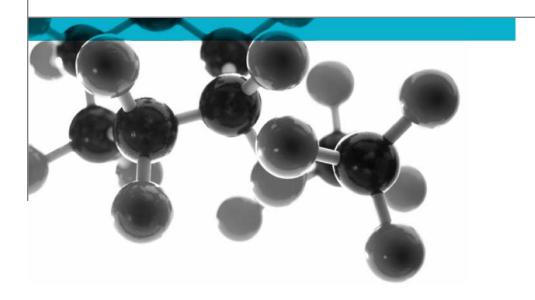
Exova Warringtonfire Holmesfield Road Warrington WA1 2DS United Kingdom T:+44 (0 1925 655116 F:+44 (0) 1925 655419 E:warrington@exova.com W:www.exova.com



# BS 476: Part 7: 1997



Method For Classification Of The Surface Spread Of Flame Of Products

A Report To: HL Plastics Ltd

Document Reference: 383364

**Date:** 16<sup>th</sup> May 2017

Issue No.: 1

Page 1







# **Executive Summary**

**Objective** 

To determine the surface spread of flame classification of the following product when tested in accordance with BS 476: Part 7: 1997.

Generic Description	Product reference	Product reference Thickness				
Replacement Board	"LRB"	20mm	area or density 10.475kg/m <sup>2</sup>			
Individual components used to manufacture composite:						
Facing "MOOO49" 0.5mm 0.725kg/m²						
Foam "MOO720" 19.5mm 9.750kg/m <sup>2</sup>						
Please see page 5 of this test report for the full description of the product tested						

**Test Sponsor** HL Plastics Ltd, Flamstead House, Denby Hall Business Park, Denby, Derbyshire,

DE5 8JX

**Test Results:** Class 1

> An uncertainty of measurement estimation has been conducted in relation to the distance travelled by the flame front and the findings are as detailed on page 8.

11<sup>th</sup> May 2017 **Date of Test** 

# **Signatories**

Responsible Officer C. Meachin \* **Technical Officer** 

Authorised S. Deeming \*

**Business Unit Head** 

C. Men.

Report Issued:16<sup>th</sup> May 2017

This version of the report has been produced from a pdf format electronic file that has been provided by Exova Warringtonfire to the sponsor of the report and must only be reproduced in full. Extracts or abridgements of reports must not be published without permission of Exova Warringtonfire.

Document No.: 383364 Page No.: 2 of 10 16<sup>th</sup> May 2107 Author: C. Meachin Issue Date: Issue No.: 1

Client: **HL Plastics Ltd** 



<sup>\*</sup> For and on behalf of Exova Warringtonfire.



CONTENTS	PAGE NO.
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	2
SIGNATORIES	2
TEST DETAILS	4
DESCRIPTION OF TEST SPECIMENS	5
TEST RESULTS	6
APPENDIX 1 – TEST RESULTS	7
APPENDIX 2 – CLASSIFICATION CRITERIA	9
REVISION HISTORY	10

Document No.: 383364

Author: C. Meachin

Client: HL Plastics Ltd

Page No.: 3 of 10

Issue Date: 16<sup>th</sup> May 2107

Issue No.: 1





## **Test Details**

#### **Purpose of test**

To determine the performance of a product when it is subjected to the conditions of the test specified in BS 476: Part 7: 1997, "Fire tests on building materials and structures, method for classification of the surface spread of flame of products". This test was therefore performed in accordance with the procedure specified in BS 476: Part 7: 1997 and this report should be read in conjunction with that British Standard.

## Scope of test

BS 476: Part 7: 1997 specifies a method of test for measuring the lateral spread of flame along the surface of a specimen of a product orientated in the vertical position, and a classification system based on the rate and extent of flame spread. It provides data suitable for comparing the performances of essentially flat materials, composites, or assemblies, which are used primarily as the exposed surfaces of walls or ceilings.

# Fire test study group/EGOLF

Certain aspects of some fire test specifications are open to different interpretations. The Fire Test Study Group and EGOLF have identified a number of such areas and have agreed Resolutions which define common agreement of interpretations between fire test laboratories which are members of the Groups. Where such Resolutions are applicable to this test they have been followed.

#### Instruction to test

The test was conducted on the 11<sup>th</sup> May 2017 at the request of HL Plastics Ltd, the sponsor of the test.

# Provision of test specimens

The specimens were supplied by the sponsor of the test. **Exova Warringtonfire** was not involved in any selection or sampling procedure.

## Conditioning of specimens

The specimens were received on the  $3^{rd}$  May 2017 and were conditioned to constant mass at a temperature of  $23 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C and a relative humidity of  $50 \pm 5\%$  prior to testing.

# Form in which the specimens were tested

Composite - Combination of materials which are generally recognised in building constructions as discrete entities e.g. coated or laminated materials. Each specimen was tested in direct contact with a nominally 12mm thick noncombustible backing board.

#### **Exposed face**

The decorative face of the specimens was exposed to the heating conditions of the test.

Document No.:383364Page No.:4 of 10Author:C. MeachinIssue Date:16th May 2107Client:HL Plastics LtdIssue No.:1





# **Description of Test Specimens**

The description of the specimens given below has been prepared from information provided by the sponsor of the test. All values quoted are nominal, unless tolerances are given.

General description		Replacement Board		
Product reference		"LRB"		
Name of manufacturer		Liniar		
Thickness		20mm (stated by sponsor)		
		19.37mm (determined by Exova Warringtonfire)		
Weight per unit area		10.475kg/m <sup>2</sup> (stated by sponsor)		
		8.92kg/m <sup>2</sup> (determined by Exova Warringtonfire)		
	Generic type	PVCu Skin		
	Product reference	"MOOO49" (internal material ref)		
Facing	Name of manufacturer	Liniar		
Facing (Test face)	Thickness	0.5mm		
(16511466)	Density / weight per unit area	SG 1.45 / 0.725kg/m <sup>2</sup> at 0.5mm		
Colour reference Flame retardant details		"White"		
		See Note 1 below		
Ponding process		Heat fused		
	Generic type	PVCue		
Product reference		"MOO720" (internal material ref)		
	Name of manufacturer	Liniar		
Foam	Thickness	19.5mm		
	Density / weight per unit area	SG 0.5 / 9.750kg/m <sup>2</sup> at 19.5mm		
	Colour reference	"White"		
	Flame retardant details	See Note 1 below		
Brief description of manufacturing process		Co-extrusion		

Note 1: The sponsor of the test has confirmed that no flame retardant additives were utilised in the production of the component.

Document No.:383364Page No.:5 of 10Author:C. MeachinIssue Date:16th May 2107Client:HL Plastics LtdIssue No.:1



0249



# **Test Results**

### Results and observations

The test results for the individual specimens, together with observations made during the test and comments on any difficulties encountered during the test are given in Appendix 1.

#### Classification

In accordance with the class definitions given in BS 476: Part 7: 1997; the specimens tested are classified as Class 1.

An uncertainty of measurement estimation has been conducted in relation to the distance travelled by the flame front and the findings are as detailed on page 8.

## Criteria for classification

If the prefix 'D' or suffix 'R' or 'Y' is included in the classification, this indicates that the results should be treated with caution. An explanation of the reason for the prefix and suffixes is given in Appendix 2, together with the classification limits specified in the Standard.

## Applicability of test result

The test results relate only to the behaviour of the test specimens of the product under the particular conditions of test; they are not intended to be the sole criterion for assessing the potential fire hazard of the product in use.

The test results relate only to the specimens of the product in the form in which they were tested. Small differences in the composition or thickness of the product may significantly affect the performance during the test and may therefore invalidate the test results. Care should be taken to ensure that any product which is supplied or used is fully represented by the specimens which were tested.

## **Validity**

The specification and interpretation of fire test methods are the subject of ongoing development and refinement. Changes in associated legislation may also occur. For these reasons it is recommended that the relevance of test reports over five years old should be considered by the user. The laboratory that issued the report will be able to offer, on behalf of the legal owner, a review of the procedures adopted for a particular test to ensure that they are consistent with current practices, and if required may endorse the test report.

This report may only be reproduced in full. Extracts or abridgements shall not be published without permission of Exova Warringtonfire.

Document No.: 383364 Page No.: 6 of 10 Author: C. Meachin Issue Date: 16<sup>th</sup> May 2107 1

Issue No.:

Client: **HL Plastics Ltd** 





# **Appendix 1 – Test Results**

SPECIMEN No.	1	2	3	4	5	6
Maximum distance travelled at 1.5 minutes (mm)	70	75	70	75	75	75
Distance (mm)	Time to travel to indicated distance (minutes : seconds)					
75 165 190 215 240 265 290 375 455 500 525 600 675 710 750 785 825		0:37		0:30	0:41	0:28
Time to reach maximum distance travelled	1:00	0:37	1:00	0:30	0:41	0:28
Maximum distance travelled in 10 minutes (mm)	70	75	70	75	75	75

Note: Six specimens are usually tested. If the test on any specimen is deemed to be invalid, as defined in the Standard, it is permissible for up to a maximum of nine specimens to be tested in order to obtain the six valid test results.

## Observations made during test and comments on any difficulties encountered during the test:

In the case of each specimen tested all sustained flaming ceased within the first minute of the test. Flash flaming occurred across the face of each specimen during the second minute of the test at a maximum distance of 100mm.

Document No.:383364Page No.:7 of 10Author:C. MeachinIssue Date:16th May 2107Client:HL Plastics LtdIssue No.:1



0249



# Uncertainty of measurement

Specimen No.	1	2	3	4	5	6
Maximum distance travelled at 1.5 minutes (mm)	±4	±5	±4	±5	±5	±5
Maximum distance travelled in 10 minutes (mm)	±4	±5	±4	±5	±5	±5

The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor k=2, providing a coverage probability of approximately 95%. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.

8 of 10

16<sup>th</sup> May 2107

1

Document No.: 383364 Page No.:

Author: C. Meachin Issue Date:

Client: HL Plastics Ltd Issue No.:

UKAS TESTING



# **Appendix 2 – Classification Criteria**

Classification of spread of flame			e at 1.5 min	Final Spread of Flame	
	Classification	Limit (mm)	Limit for one specimen (mm)	Limit (mm)	Limit for one specimen (mm)
	Class 1 Class 2 Class 3	165 215 265	165 + 25 215 + 25 265 + 25	165 455 710	165 + 25 455 + 45 710 + 75
	Class 4	Exceeding the li	mits for class 3		

Explanation of prefix and suffixes which may be added to the classification

- 1. A suffix R is added to the classification if more than six specimens are required in order to obtain six valid test results (e.g. class 2R).
- 2. A prefix D is added to the classification of any product which does not comply with the surface characteristics specified in the Standard and has therefore been tested in a modified form (e.g. class D3).
- 3. A suffix Y is added to the classification if any softening and/or other behaviour that may affect the flame spread occurs (e.g. class 3Y).

For example, a classification of D3RY could be achieved indicating (a) a modified surface has been used; (b) a class 3 result has been obtained; (c) additional specimens have been used to obtain 6 valid results and; (d) softening and/or other behaviour has occurred which is considered to have affected the test result.

Document No.:383364Page No.:9 of 10Author:C. MeachinIssue Date:16th May 2107Client:HL Plastics LtdIssue No.:1



0249

BS 476: Part 7: 1997



# **Revision History**

Issue No :	Re-issue Date:
Revised By:	Approved By:
Reason for Revision:	
Issue No :	Re-issue Date:
Revised By:	Approved By:
Reason for Revision:	

Document No.:383364Page No.:10 of 10Author:C. MeachinIssue Date:16th May 2107Client:HL Plastics LtdIssue No.:1

